CLARK H. GREEN:

"ERROR CEASES TO BE DANGEROUS, WHEN REASON IS LEFT FREE TO COMBAT IT."-JEFFERSON.

EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

Volume 12.

GLASGOW, MISSOURI, THURSDAY, MARCH 13, 1851.

Number 2.

GLASGOW WEEKLY TIMES

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY. Office on Water Street, Up Stairs, next door to the Glasgow House. For one year, if paid in advance, If not paid before the end of the year, 3 00 CLUBS. 5 copies 1 year in advance,

TERMS OF ADVERTISING. One square, (12 lines or less,) One Dollar for the first, and 50 cents for each subsequent Liberal deductions made to Merchants and others who advertise by the year.

GENTS FOR THIS PVPER. Agent, is the only authorized Agent for this paper in the cities of Boston, New York and Philadelphia

Fayette-Andrew J. Herndon. Huntsville-W.R, Samuel, G.H. Burckburt Bloomington-ThomasG. Sharp. Linneus-H. WILKERSON. Cambridge-John H. Guove. Chillicothe-W. C. Samuel.

Howard High School,

FAYETTE, MO. will commence on the first Monday in March, and continue four months. Through the liberality of the friends of the school, the Building, containing twelve large imparting instruction are now unsurpassed by

any similar Institution in the State. BOARD OF INSTRUCTION. Rev. W. T. LUCKY, A. M., Superintendent and Principal of the Female Department. W. T. Davis, A. B., Principal of the Male

Department.
Mrs. Buchannan. Teacher of Instrumen Miss SARAH BELL, Associate in the Female Department and Teacher of Drawing and

Painting. Mr. J. J. Rucken, Teacher of the Primary Male Department.
Miss Maria Chiglar, Teacher of the Pri mary Female Department.

COURSE OF STUDY.

The course of study is substantially the same as that pursued in our Colleges. As a requisite for Graduation, young Ladies are required (in addition to moral and mental Philosophy, Belles Lettres, &c.) to pass tions and Olmsted's larger Philosophy.

are required to study Latin and Greek suffi-cient to enable them to enter the Junior class in College.
EXPENSES.

Primary studies Common English Higher Ancient Languages

Vocal music EXTRA CHARGES. Music, with use of Piano without French

French
Drawing and Painting 7 00
Boarding, in excellent private families, convenient to the institution, including washing, fuel and lights, \$1 50 to \$2 per week.
For further particulars address Lucky & Davis, Fayette, Mo.

SAMUEL C. MAJOR,

Prest. of the b'rd of Trustees.
Fayette, Feb. 13, 1851.

The patronage of the public is most respect-

fully solicited, C. H. GUYGER, Proprietor.

gow House. Glasgow, Missouri, Dec. 5, 1850.

CHAS. H. MILTON,

and plain Tin and Sheet from Wares, No. 72
North Second street, a few doors south of the
Monroe House, sign of the Gilt Stove, has
constantly on hand a variety of the heaviest
and best constructed Cooking Stoves; also
Coal and Wood heating stoves. Particular
Coal and Wood heating stoves also
Coal and Wood heating stoves. Particular
Coal and Wood heating stoves also
Coal and Wood heating stoves and coal and coarse one in this

trons of Thomas Andrews, that he is fully prepared to fill all orders in the shortest possible time, and on the most resonable terms; ed to make that opinion a test against be melancholy, indeed, if we were oband hopes by proper attention to his business to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. St. Louis, Feb. 13-6m.

WM. WIGHTMAN,

Wholesale dealer in Groceries & Woodenwars. Corner Commercial & Locust Sts.

H AS FOR SALE AT ALL TIMES a large market rates. Merchants are respectfu-invited to call and examine his assortment.

Millers and Machinists.

making tight steam Joints. Rubber Hose-cheaper and better than leather for conducting water. Machine stretched Leather Belt-

ang, Lace Leather, &c. &c.
ALSO-IRON PROOF STAFFS-one of which every Morchant Mill should have.
G. & C. TODD, No. 217 Main St.
St. Louis, Feo. 6, 1851-tf.

no power over slavery in the Federal others. Territories, but at the same time, he admits that the majority of both the RESISTANCE TO THE LAW IN and convenient rooms, has been thoroughly admits that the majority of both the completed. Our advantages and facilities for great political parties in this State, (whig and democratic,) think otherwise and concede the power, and of course ty out of the whig party, because they in response to Mr. Clay's resolution few fishy whigs that joined them. They follows: and they alone in this State, made the test, and very modestly proposed to turn the majority out of both the great political parties, for daring to differ Senate of the 18th inst., requesting me from them,

sation, (and it is that to which, I wish to call the attention of your readers,) sistance to the execution of the laws of a thorough examination upon the entire is, that the whig party, and their Senacourse of Mathematics, including Conic Sector Mr. Gover, have deceived the "Inand to communicate to the Senate up.

sistance to the execution of the laws faithfully executed is general and upwards of counterfeit paper
the United States in the City of Boston,
the necessary provision for the safe the passage of the Fugitive slave law
and positive; and the act of 1807 ought found, \$25,000 was of the Missouri tor Mr. Geyer, have deceived the "In- and to communicate to the Senate, un keeping of prisoners committed under of the last session, or when the atten- not to be construed as evincing any fifties-the exact counterpart of those In addition to the above, young Gentlemen dependent Softs," and permitted them der the above conditions, what means to believe, that both he and his party considered this question of constitution tional legislation is necessary to meet al power, a very grave matter, and the exigency of the case, and to more expenses incurred for the above purpo- owing to the want of a prison, or place modify or explain this act in regard to notes part filled up, a large amount of 6 00 worthy to be made into a political test. vigorously execute existing laws. This of course, if it were not so ridi 50 culously untrue, would be a serious ac- affidavit of Patrick Riley, a deputy marions of law remain unrepealed. cusation, and one that the whig party setting forth the circumstances of the law stood before the act of the Legisla some days, without such place of conwould be called upon, to answer .- case, a copy of which affidavit is here- ture of that State of the 4th of March finement. If it shall appear that no rolled in the militia or not, may be sum- script of the denomination of one hun-00 As it is, however, one ought almost with communicated. Private and un- 1843, the common jails in the respective such place has been obtained, direc moned as members of the posse country dred and five hundred dollars; a portion ly. In this Congressional District,
Miller, the whig candidate for Congress,
declared his opinion to be, that Congress had the power, and the ground
gress had the power, and the ground and the ground the green the green the ground t Prest. of the bird of Trustees.

Fayette, Feb. 13, 1851.

GLASGOW HOUSE.

This House is now open and ready for the Patromage of the patromage goat's wool controversy, about which of lawless confederates, at noonday in whigs might differ, and yet act togeth- the city of Boston, and in the very tem-General Stage Office, kept at the Glaster politically. The same thing occur. ple of justice. I regard this flagitious red in the third District—there Porter, the whig candidate expressed the same to 1 doubt that, if such act of vio-(SUCCESSOR TO THOS. ANDREWS.) triumphantly elected. In the joint sess of the good citizens of Boston would WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEAL seion of the General Assembly, while have presented themselves valuntarily WARE; manufacturer of Copper, Japaned and plain Tin and Sheet Iron Wares, No. 72 ing on—and before a single democrat North Second street, a few doors south of the Monroe House, sign of the Gilt Stove, has

and general assortment of Staple and fancy Groceries, with a great variety of Woodenware, which he offers at the lowest market calls. Merchants are respectfully after the summer elections, he publish. lates the law, defies the authority of the ed a communication in the St. Louis Government, and disgraces those con Intelligencer, taking the same ground, cerned in it, their aiders and abetters. that is taken in his recent letters, and al- fore the Senate, in answer to its resothough his name was not signed to that lution, some important facts and consid

We have the sole agency for the sale of Rubber Belting—the cheapest and best Belting best Belting—the cheapest and best Belting—the cheapest and best Belting—the cheapest and best Belting—the best article known for making tight steam Joints. Rubber Hose—cheaper and better the sale of the Leville Rubber Hose—cheaper and better the sale of the Leville Rubber Hose—cheaper and better the sale of the Leville Rubber Hose—cheaper and better the sale of the Leville Rubber Hose—cheaper and better the sale of the Leville Rubber Hose—cheaper and better the sale of the Leville Rubber Hose—cheaper and better the sale of the who now complain of having been de- gislatures of the several States to pass powers they were fully competent to States, and cause the laws to be faith- be printed. ceived had been at all anxious to have laws, making it expressly the duty of perform up to the time of this inhibition fully executed." had Mr. Geyer's written opinion on this safe keep therein all prisoners commitsubject, all they had to do, was to ap ply to him for that purpose—that however, they took special care not to do. ever, they took special care not to do, for the very good reason, that they all the course of the laws thereof, under for the very good reason, that they all the like penalties as in case of prisoners as in case of prisone

No, Mr. Editor, these gentlemen are to pay for the use and keeping of such vent, the laws of Congress passed for a limited time. These words are broad settle the same.

No, Mr. Editor, these gentlemen are jails, at the rate of fifty cents per month not at all deceived—but I'll tell you for each prisoner that shall, under their article of the Constitution of the Uni-MR. EDITOR-Miss Twombly, as what is troubling them-they have authority be committed thereto during ted States, which declares that "no that act, whether to repel invasion or national vessel to bring Kossuth and you sometimes call your neighbor of the been called to account, by the Benton the time such prisoner shall be confin- person held to service or labor in one suppress an insurrection, or to aid in his companions to this country was Banner, seems to be in great distress of Democracy and by some of the anties, ed; and also to support such of said pris. State under the laws thereof, escaping executing the laws. This section has passed. mind. He has evidently been laboring for having voted for a whig-and their oners as shall be committed for offen- into another, shall, in consequence of consequently created some doubt under the delusion that about fifteen answer thus far has been, as it was last soft democrats of the class denomina summer in relation to Clark, that Gey- the 3d of March, 1791, provides that, shall be delivered up on claim of the without a previous proclamation. But to create the office of Lieut. General ted by Benton, the "rottens," and be- er was a good enough democrat for "whereas Congress did, by a resolution party to whom such service or labor yet the proclamation seems to be in in the army. tween two or three soft whigs whom them. Mr. Geyer, however, happened of the 23d day of September, 1789, re- may be due," from being carried into words directed only against insurgents. Ignatius Mudd, Commissioner of the nobody, but themselves, consider of any to catch them at this and finding that commend to the several States to pass effect. But these acts of State legisla and to require them to disperse, thereby Public Buildings, died this morning. great importance, had actually elected the community were being deceived as the keepers of their jails to receive and rassment and create expense, cannot an organized, or at least an embodied the past few days, but is now rapidly an Independent States Right man to to his true position, deemed it due to safe keep therein all prisoners commit derogate either from the duty or the force. Such a proclamation in aid of the recovering. V. B. PALMER, the American Newspaper the Senate in the person of Mr. Geyer. himself to declare in terms that could ted under the authority of Congress to carry out civil authority would often defeat the But now it turns out, that they are al- not be misunderstood. what that posi- States, in order, therefore, to insure the fully and fairly the plain and imperative whole object by giving such notice to together mistaken, and that Mr. Geyer tion was. This he has now done, and is nothing more or less than a straight to the persons bound to labor in one State they would be enabled to fly or secrete recovered.—Officer J. E. D. Cozzens. is nothing more, or less than a straight he has thus put an end to the business Representatives of the United States of and escaping into snother, to the party themselves. The force may be wanted of the night police, returned from Jefout old fashioned whig-neither nullifi of unwhigging him, in which these gen. America in Congress Assembled; That to whom such labor may be due. er, nor secessionist, nor that other tlemen have been so busily engaged in case any State shall not have com strange animal, that so bothered one of ever since his election—and now they plied with the said recommendation, the tion of Congress of 3d of March, it is made, and to prevent a rescue. I one in counterfeit money, obtained the Banner's correspondents, not many are angry-and use harsh language marshal in such State, under the direct 1821, the marshal of the U. States, in would therefore suggest that the secmonths since, "an independent States against him, not because he or any one Right Whig." It is true Mr. Geyer ex- else has deceived them, but because he

BOSTON. WASHINGTON, Feb. 21, 1851. Senate.-A message was received he never thought of turning the majori. from the President of the United States the United States."

> EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, February 19, 1851.

To the Senate of the United States: I have received the resolution of the to lay before that body if not incom-But the point of the Banner's accu- patible with the public interest, any in-

shal for the district of Massachusetts be ashamed to treat it serious- official communications concur in estabopinion, that Miller did here, and was lence had been apprehended, thousands attention paid to the selecting of the best material and mannfacture of Wares for the city country knows that Clark was turned whose sentiment is liberty and law, and country knows that Clark was turned not liberty without law, such an out-The subscriber would respectfully announce to his old customers, as well as the former panowed his opinion on this question of violence, unhappily too much unpreparations. Federal power but because he attempted to be successfully resisted. It would dignantly rejected, and cast their votes of the Government as proceeding from for Miller regardless of his opinion on the general feeling of the people, in a this subject -- and against the proposed spot which is proverbially called "the

test. So much for the whig party .-- cradle of American liberty.' As for Mr. Geyer, he tells us in one of his recent letters, that before the August elections, he took some pairs to let

It is, nevertheless, my duty to lay be-

ready knew what answer they would committed under the authority of such parent. It was to prevent, as far as insurgents to disperse, and retire peaced passed; also the bill to ascertain the pri-

presses the opinion, that Congress has would not permit them to deceive the necessary provision for the safe of persons committed under the au mation, when the militia are called ifornia. Having business in Jefferson

calling for information in regard to the March 3, 1821, provides that "where chusetts was distinctly called to this subsisted at the expense of the United differed from him. That conceit was recent case of resisance to the law in any State or States, having complied provision of the law by a letter from States. left to the Anti-Benton men, and the Boston. The message was read as with the recommendation of Congress the Secretary of the Navy, at the date | Congress, not probably adverting to jug encased in a wooden bex, the for prisoners committed under the au- has not, it is to be regretted that this States for the same purposes for which In another box was found an engra shal in such State or States under the shal, under the direction of the dis ject the same proclamation. But the ver's tools, secured after the manner of direction of the judge of the district, trict judge, immediately on the passage power of the President, under the conformation I may possess in regard to shall be, and hereby is, authorized and of the act of the Legislature of Massa- stitution, as commander of the army an alleged recent case of a forcible re- required to hire a convenient place to chucetts, of the 24th March, 1843, and and navy, is general; and his duty to see serve as a temporary jail, and to make especially that it was not exercised on the laws faithfully executed is general til permanent provision shall be made particularly drawn to it. by law for that purpose; and the said It is true that the escape from the For greater certainty, however, it The public newspapers contain an United States." These various provise to see how the prisoner could have been army and navy of the U. States, as chanic's Bank of Michigan; one's, two's

wealth, and no justice of the peace, shall hereafter take cognizance, or grant certificate, in cases that may arise under the third section of an act of Congress passed February 12, 1793, and entitled An act respecting fugitives from justice, and persons escaping from the service of their masters to any person who claims any other person as a fugitive slave within the jurisdiction of the Commonwealth." And it further declares that "no sheriff, deputy sheriff, coroner, constable, jailor or other offi cer of the Commonwealth shall hereafter arrest or detain, or aid in the arrest, or detention, or imprisonment in this Commonwealth, or to any county, city, or town,thereof, of any person for the reason that he is claimed as a fugiive slave."

And it further declares that "any jusice of the peace, sheriff, deputy sheriff, aforementioned, shall forfeit a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars for every such offence is committed, or shall be subject to imprisonment not exceed ing one year in the county jail."

This law, it is obvious, had two ob-

States respectively; the United States the Legislature of the State could pre- ably to their respective abodes, within vate land claims in California and to any law or regulation therein, be dis- whether the militia could be called take up the Senate bill to appropriate A further resolution of Congress, of charged from such service or labor, but forth to aid in executing the laws land to the indigent insune, and the bill

tion of the judge of the district, be au. which the use of the juils of the State tion be modified by declaring that from the residence of John S. Moore, thorized to hire a convenient place, to has been withdrawn in whole or in nothing therein contained shall be con who figured so extensively in passing serve as a temporary jail, and to make part from the purpose of the detention strued to require any previous procla- the counterfeit Missouri fifties in Calkeeping of prisoners committed under thority of the U. States, is not only forth either to tepel invasion, to exe- county, officer Cezzens repaired to the the authority of the United States, un empowered, but expressly required, cute the laws, or suppress combined date of Moore, situated five til permanent provision shall be made under the direction of the judge of the tions against them; and that the Presby law for that purpose; and the said district, to hire a convenient place for ident may make such call and place miles from Hillsboro, on [Sunday last. marshal be allowed his reasonable ex. the safe keeping of prisoners commit, such militia under the control of any and commenced a general search of penses, incurred for the above purpo, ted under the authority of the United civil officer of the United States to aid the premises. Under the floor of an ses, to be paid out of the Treasury of States. It will be seen, from papers him in executing the laws or suppress. out house, built some years zince by accompanying this communication, that ing such combinations; and while so Moore, estensibly for a negro house, And a resolution of Congress, of the attention of the marshal of Massa employed, they shall be paid by and in the resolution of the 28d day of Sep- of 28th October last. There is no the difference between the militia and tember, 1789, shall have withdrawn or official information that the marshal the regular army, by the act of March

their answers thereto.

inquiry made by the resolution of the vested in me to the fullest extent. I ances, must have been placed under the Senate, I have to observe that the con am fully persuaded that the great ma- floor of the out-house by Moore, prestitution declares that "the President sort of the people of this country shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed," and that "he shall be the Constitution, the prescryation of two years ago, and from appearance that the shall be the Constitution, the prescryation of two years ago, and from appearance that the shall be the Constitution, the prescryation of the statement of the state Commander-in-chief of the army and the Union, the just support of the gov. had not been molested when found by navy in the United States, and of the ernment and the maintenance of the Cozzens. The greater portion of the militia of the several States, when authority of law. I am persuaded paper was well engraved and calculacalled into the actual service of the that their carnest wishes and the line ted to deceive. This discovery leaves United States," and that "Congress of my constitutional duty entirely con no doubt but that Moore's house, in any jail or other building belonging to shall have the power to provide for cur; and I doubt not firmness, modera calling forth the militia to execute the tion and prudence, strengthened and Jefferson county, has for years been laws of the Union, suppress insurrec- animated by the general opinion of the the den of an extensive gang of countion, and repel invasions." From people, will prevent the repetition of terfeiters, and that he was leagued in which it appears that the army and occurrences disturbing the public peace with fraudulent men throughout the navy are, by the Constitution placed and reprobated by all good men. under the control of the Executive, and probably no legislation of Conoffend against the provisions of this law gress could add to or diminish the by in any way acting directly or indirectly under the power conferred by the army and navy. But not so with petitions, &c., the Senate resumed the ing of the Missouri filties shows conthe third section of the act of Congress the army and navy. But not so with petitions, &c., the Biver and Harbor clusively from what source that paper call the militia into service, even toex. bill. Several amendments have been emanated, and will set at rest the thouecute the laws or repel invasions, but offered, debated and rejected. by the authority of acts of Congress House.-A variety of pentitions and public attention as to its origin. The passed for that purpose. But when the militin are called into service, in The Post office appropriation bill, as the militin are called into service, in the manner prescribed by law, then the amended by the Senate, was then taken covered, as was reported upon the ects; the first was to make it a penal Constitution itself gives the command up, and the House refused to concur street last evening. This indicates the Commonweath to exercise the pow-er conferred on them by the set of Congress, by the act of Feb. 28th. The bill directing two Regiments of er conferred on them by the act of Con 1795, authorized the President to call Infentry to be converted into Mounted gress of the 12th of February, 1793, en- forth the militia to repel invasion, and Riflemen, was taken up, slightly amentiled "An act respecting fugitives from "suppress insurrections against a State ded and passed. justice, and persons escaping from the government, and to suppress combiservice of their masters," and which nations against the laws of the United

shall hereafter withdraw, either in has provided any such place for the 3, 1807, authorized the President to use whole or in part, the use of their juils confinement of his prisoners. If he the land and naval forces of the United thority of the United States, the mar- power was not exercised by the mar- he might call forth the militia, and subthe authority of the United States, un- tion of the marshal was afterwards disposition in Congress to limit or restrain the constitutional authority .marshal shall be allowed his reasonable deputy marshals in this case was not may be well that Congress should by notes; \$12,400 of \$100; Treasury ses to be paid out of the treasury of the of confinement, but still it is not easy its provisions for the employment of the three's on the Merchant's and the Mesafely and conveniently detained, du- well as that in regard to calling forth By the law of Massachusetts, as that ring the adjournment of the hearing, for the militia. It is supposed not to be and three's of the Ottowa Montreal

counties were to be used for the deten- tions to the marshal will be given to tus, either by the martial or a Commis-

torney and marshal of the U. States and all forcible opposition to them supfor the district of Massachusetts, and pressed; and to this end I am prepared MILLARD FILLMORE.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The bill making appropriations for But the act proceeds to declare that, Light-houses was taken up and passed, that has flooded the West for several

EXTENSIVE HAUL OF COUNTERFEIT Paper Money-Upwards of \$200,000 sometimes to make the arrest, and also ferson county, Missouri, last evening, It is quite clear that, by the resolu- sometimes to protect the officer after bringing with him upwards of \$200,the money was found, first placed in an earthern jug securely corked, the seems filled with pitch, to prevent the action of the air or water, the whole

surrounded with pulverized charcoal.

vers press complete, and various engra-

the money. Of the two hundred thousand dollars and upwards of counterfeit paper passed in California-filled up and ready for use; \$41,000 of \$500 Treasfifties; Lafayette, Cincinnati Ohio, tens. dispatches transmitted from the De. surance that, so far as depends on me. ers Bank of Chilicothe (Ohio) fives and partment of State to the District At the laws shall be faithfully executed, tens; Montreal (Canada) Prench paper ives, and several other descriptions in to exercise, whenever it may become all upwards of twenty different plates. In regard to the last branch of the necessary, the power constitutionally The money and press, from appear-Union. The great variety and general ally well finished character of their paper, will alone youch for the exten-SENATE.—After the presentation of siveness of their operations. The find, sand and one rumors that have engaged more extensive dens remain undiscovered. Old Fugate's, in Shelby county,

which has issued the spurious paper